Relationships and sex education policy

(from 2022)

NANCLEDRA SCHOOL



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Contents

L. Aims	. 2
2. Statutory requirements	. 3
3. Policy development	. 4
1. Definition	. 4
5. Curriculum	. 4
5. Delivery of RSE	. 5
7. Roles and responsibilities	. 6
3. Parents' right to withdraw	. 6
9. Training	. 7
10. Monitoring arrangements	. 7
Appendix 1: Curriculum map for PSHE/RSE Unit – "Safety & the Changing Body"	. 8
Appendix 2: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE	10

1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Provide pupils with a good understanding the nature of human relationships;
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

At Nancledra School, RSE is an integrated part of our Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) curriculum and is planned and delivered as part of the *Kapow Curriculum*.

The knowledge and skills developed are;

- Valuing families and different family structures
- Creating and maintaining positive friendships
- Developing Safe and Respectful relationships
- Understanding the changes that take place during puberty
- Promoting good health and carrying out first aid
- Learning to make independent choices and not being influenced by others
- · Operating safely on a digital world

Equal opportunities

Nancledra School is committed to the provision of RSE to *all* of its pupils. Its programme aims to respond to the diversity of children's cultures, faiths and family backgrounds. Equal time and provision will be allocated for all groups but there may be occasions where children with Special Educational Needs are given extra support.

2. Statutory requirements

As a primary academy school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the <u>Children and Social work act 2017.</u>

We do not have to follow the National Curriculum but we are expected to offer all pupils a curriculum that is similar to the National Curriculum including requirements to teach science which would include the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we are required by our funding agreements to have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

At Nancledra School we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- Review a member of staff or working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy
- 4. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSE is about the physical, emotional, social and moral development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff; taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. At Nancledra School we use the Kapow PSHE/RSE Scheme of work to deliver this curriculum. An outline of the Kapow Scheme is available on the school website.

Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships which are taught as part of the following units of learning:

- Family and Relationships
- Health & Wellbeing
- Safety and the Changing Body
- Citizenship
- Economic Wellbeing
- Identity (Year 6 only)
- Caring friendships
- Respectful relationships
- Online relationships
- Being safe

For more information about the sex education (Safety & our Changing Body) elements of our RSE curriculum, see Appendix 1

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory components of RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

All teachers in Nancledra School have responsibility for teaching RSE.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents do have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 2 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the Headteacher through; planning and work scrutiny, learning walks & pupil conferencing.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the headteacher & staff every two years. At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing board.

Appendix 1: Curriculum map for PSHE/RSE Unit – "Safety & the Changing Body"

Progression of skills and knowledge			Safety and the changing body			
Sub-strand	Year 1		Year 2		Year 3	
	Skills	Knowledge	Skills	Knowledge	Skills	Knowledge
Being safe (including online)	Practising what to do if I get lost. Identifying hazards that may be found at home. Understanding people's roles within the local community that help keep us safe.	To know that some types of physical contact are never appropriate. To know what to do if I get lost. To know that a hazard is something which could cause an accident or injury.	Discussing the concept of privacy. Exploring ways to stay safe online. Learning how to behave safely near the road and when crossing the road.	To know the PANTS rule. To know that I should tell an adult if I see something which makes me uncomfortable online. To understand the difference between secrets and surprises. To know the rules for crossing the road safely.	Exploring ways to respond to cyberbullying or unkind behaviour online. Developing skills as a responsible digital citizen. Identifying things people might do near roads which are unsafe. Beginning to recognise unsafe digital content.	To understand that cyberbullying is bullying which takes place online. To know the signs that a email might be fake. To know the rules for being safe near roads.
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	Learning what is and is not safe to put in or on our bodies.	To know that some things are unsafe to put onto or into my body and to ask an adult if I am not sure.	Exploring what people can do to feel better when they are ill. Learning how to be safe around medicines.	To know that medicine can help us when we are ill. To understand that we should only take medicines when a trusted adult says we can.	Exploring that people and things can influence me and that I need to make the right decision for me. Exploring choices and decisions that I can make.	To understand that othe people can influence ou choices.
The changing adolescent body	N/A	N/A	N/A	To know the names of parts of my body including private parts.	N/A	N/A
Basic first aid	Practising making an emergency phone call.	To know that an emergency is a situation where someone is badly hurt, very ill or a serious accident has happened. To know that the emergency services are the police, fire service and the ambulance service.	N/A	N/A	Learning what to do in a medical emergency, including calling the emergency services.	To know that bites or stings can sometimes cause an allergic reaction To know that it is important to maintain the safety of myself and others, before giving firs aid.

Progression of skills and knowledge

Safety and the changing body

Sub-strand	Year 4		Year 5		Year 6	
	Skills	Knowledge	Skills	Knowledge	Skills	Knowledge
Being safe (including online)	Discussing how to seek help if I need to. Exploring what to do if an adult makes me feel uncomfortable. Learning about the benefits and risks of sharing information online.	To understand that there are risks to sharing things online. To know the difference between private and public.	Developing an understanding of how to ensure relationships online are safe.	To know the steps to take before sending a message online (using the THINK mnemonic). To know some of the possible risks online.	Developing an understanding about the reliability of online information. Exploring online relationships including dealing with problems.	To understand that online relationships should be treated in the same way a face to face relationships. To know where to get help with online problems.
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	Discussing the benefits of being a non-smoker.	To understand the risks associated with smoking tobacco.	Learning to make 'for' and 'against' arguments to help with decision making.	To know some strategies I can use to overcome pressure from others and make my own decisions.	Discussing the reasons why adults may or may not drink alcohol.	To understand the risks associated with drinking alcohol.
The changing adolescent body	Discussing some physical and emotional changes during puberty.	To understand the physical changes to both male and female bodies as people grow from children to adults.	Learning about the emotional changes during puberty. Identifying reliable sources of help with puberty.	To understand the process of the menstrual cycle. To know the names of the external sexual parts of the body and the internal reproductive organs. To know that puberty happens at different ages for different people.	Discussing problems which might be encountered during puberty and using knowledge to help.	To understand how a baby is conceived and develops
Basic first aid	Learning how to help someone who is having an asthma attack.	To know that asthma is a condition which causes the airways to narrow.	Learning about how to help someone who is bleeding.	To know how to assess a casualty's condition.	Learning how to help someone who is choking. Placing an unresponsive patient into the recovery position.	To know how to conduct a primary survey (using DRSABC).

Appendix 2: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS						
Name of child		Class				
Name of parent		Date				
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education						
Any other information you would like the school to consider						
Parent signature						
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TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL						
Agreed actions from discussion with parents						